

DEXCOM CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORING PRESCRIPTION & CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL NECESSITY

Phone: 207-784-3700 | Fax: 207-795-7622

Signature:

PATIENT INFORMATION					
Name: DOB:		Gender: Male Female Phone:			
Street/City/State/Zip:					
PRESCRIPTION					
Order Type Choose one	New CGM (patient never had before) Replacement CGM If yes, what brand/model did patient use before:				
CGM Products Check all that apply	Sig: Site change per manufacturer recommendation, every 10 Additional Notes: Dexcom G6 Transmitter (A9277/A4239) <i>DME ONLY: 1/90</i>	4 Other:	Dexcom G7 Receiver (A9278/I Dispense Qty: 1 Refill Sig: Use to check glucose daily Additional Notes: Dexcom G7 Sensors (A9276/A Dispense Qty: 9 (90 days) Refills: 4 Other: Sig: Site change per manufact Additional Notes:	s: 0 Other:	
Supplies Check all that apply	IV Prep Wipes (100/order) Dispense Qty: Transparent Dressings (100/order) Dispense Qty:		Additional Notes:	sensor.	
STATEMENT OF MEDICAL NECESSITY (PHYSICIAN USE ONLY)					
Diagnosis (ICD-10): Type 1:					
Duration of Need: Lifetime Other: *Lifetime equals 12 months for non-Medicare. If no duration is specified, prescription defaults to lifetime					
# Multiple Daily Injections per day: Blood glucose value range: to mg/dL					
Latest HbA1c Result: Date: # SMBG/day: to per day					
Recurrent episodes of severe hypoglycemia with BG's less than 50 mg/dL. Frequency of episodes: Hemoglobin HbA1C level is 7.0% or 1% over upper range of normal History of severe glycemic excursions (commonly associated with brittle diabetes, extreme insulin sensitivity and/or very low insulin requirements Wide fluctuations in prepandial BG levels (e.g., levels commonly exceed 100 mg/dL) Dawn phenomenon where fasting blood glucose level often exceeds 200 mg/dL Day-to-day variations in work schedule, mealtimes and/or activity level, which confound the degree of regimentation required to self-manage glycemia with multiple insulin injections History of suboptimal glycemic control before or during pregnancy Suboptimal glycemic and metabolic control after renal transplantation Poor glycemic control evidenced by 72 hour CGMS sensing trial Has the patient been on a program of multiple daily injections or insulin with frequent self-adjustment of insulin dose for at least 6 months prior to the initiation of the insulin pump? Nes No No No No No No No N					
PHYSICIAN INFORMATION					
Physician:			NPI#:	5 "	
Hospital/Clinic:		Phone #:	Fax #:		
Street/City/State/Zip:					